**EC2**

Placement groups:

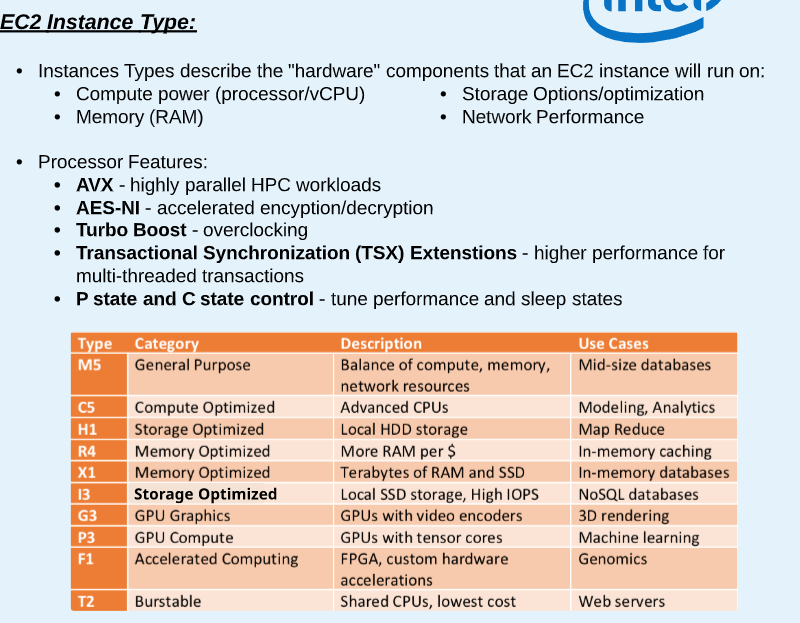
<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSEC2/latest/UserGuide/placement-groups.html>

EC2-quiz:

<https://quizlet.com/335697525/ec2-quiz-flash-cards/>



**Instance types with use and Examples**



AWS EBS vs Object store(S3) 

EBS can only be attached to 1 EC2 at a time and

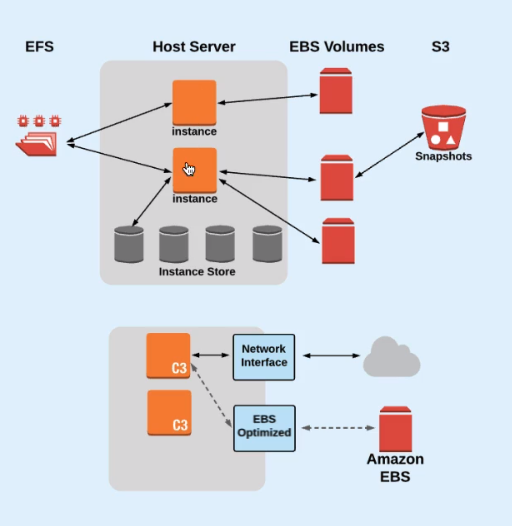
Both EC2 and EBS must be in the same AZ.

EFS is a block level storage that can be mounted to n number of ec2-instances within the same region. EFS replicates itself across multiple AZ within a region.

EFS can be mounted to on-prem with Direct Connect.

No need of preplanning for size like EBS

EC2 storage options:



EFS can be shared with multiple instances

EBS to only one instance at a time

Note: EBS volumes can be backed up as volumes in S3 (Snapshots)

1. Want a new instance with different configuration. How to do it with EBS and EC2?
2. Create a new EC2 with new required configuration
3. Attach the EBS volume of old instance to the newly created instance
4. Delete the old EC2 instance

Note: EBS has 99.999% availability

If EBS fails, the snapshot can be applied to a new EBS volume and attach it to the same instance

Note: When you are using an EBS volume that has been created from a Snapshot, the files stored in the snapshot, the files stored in the snapshot are nit copied to the blocks of the volume until you read that block (Lazy Loading)

Reason to do it: Volume available right away , no waiting

If we don’t want lazy loading, write a script to read data from every block on the volume